WORLDPAC ::: jillings

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 1 of 6 WP-047

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision: 2.0 SDS Revision Date: 12/31/2013 1. PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION 1.1 Product Name **RED LINE DIESEL FUEL CATALYST & CATALYST WINTERIZED** 12 Chemical Name **Diesel Fuel Mixture** 1.3 Synonyms NA 1.4 Trade Names Red Line Diesel Fuel Catalyst & Catalyst Winterized 15 Product Use: Fuel System Cleaner, Improve Diesel Fuel Combustion 1.6 Distributor's Name: Worldpac, Inc. 1.7 Distributor's Address: 37137 Hickory Street, Newark, CA 94560 USA 1.8 Emergency Phone: INFOTRAC: +1 (800) 535-5053 / +1 (352) 323-3500 (CONTRACT 84261) 19 Business Phone / Fax: +1 (510) 608-5525 / +1 (510) 742-9262 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION Hazard Identification: This product is classified as a hazardous substance but not as dangerous goods according to 2.1 the classification criteria of [NOHSC: 1088 (2004)] and ADG Code (Australia). DANGER! MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED AND ENTERS AIRWAY. MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. Hazard Statements (H): H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. Precautionary Statements (P): P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection. P301+310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P301 - Do NOT induce vomiting. P261 - Avoid breathing mist/sprays. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P321 - For specific treatment - see section 4 of this Safety Data Sheet. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container to licenses treatment, storage and disposal facility (TSDF). 2.2 Effects of Exposure May cause irritation, redness and tearing. Vapors may be irritating to the eyes. Risk of conjunctivitis. Eyes: May cause irritation, defatting, drying and cracking of skin. Prolonged and repeated contact may lead Skin: to dermatitis. May cause a burning sensation of the mouth and throat, abdominal pain, gastrointestinal irritation, Ingestion: nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May also cause kidney damage, cardiac arrhythmia and Central Nervous System effects (see inhalation). Aspiration of material into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis, which can be fatal. Can be fatal if inhaled or ingested. Vapors may be irritating to nose, throat and respiratory tract. Excessive inhalation of vapors may Inhalation: cause kidney damage, cardiac arrhythmia and Central Nervous System effects including dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness. 2.3 Symptoms of Overexposure: Irritation, redness, swelling and tearing. Eyes: Irritation, defatting, drying and cracking of skin. Skin: Burning sensation of the mouth and throat, abdominal pain, gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, Ingestion: vomiting and diarrhea. Inhalation: Irritation to nose, throat and respiratory tract, dizziness, coughing, wheezing, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness. 2.4 Acute Health Effects: Moderate irritation to eyes. Moderate irritation to skin near affected areas. Vapors may be irritating to nose, throat and respiratory tract. 2.5 Chronic Health Effects: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may lead to dermatitis. Xylene has been found to cause cardiac, liver, and kidney effects, anemia and eye damage in laboratory animals. 2.6 Target Organs: Lungs, upper respiratory tract, liver, kidneys, skin 3. COMPOSITION & INGREDIENT INFORMATION EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR (mg/m³) ACGIH NOHSC OSHA ppm ppm ppm FS-ES-ES-STEL STEL PEL STEL RTECS No. EINECS No TLV IDLH OTHER CHEMICAL NAME(S) CAS No. TWA PEAK % 64742-88-7 WJ8930000 265-191-7 60-100 NA NA NF NF NF NA NA NA SOLVENT NAPHTHA Asp. Tox. 1; H304 64742-95-6 WF3400000 265-199-0 1-5 NA NA NF NF NF NA NA NA SOLVENT NAPHTHA Carc. 1B; Muta. 1B; Asp. Tox. 1; H350, H340, H304 95-63-6 DC3325000 202-436-9 0.1-1 25 NA 25 NF NF NA NA NA 25 NIOSH 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE Flam. Liq. 3; Acute Tox. 4 *; Eye Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3; Skin Irrit. 2; Aquatic Chronic 2; H226, H332, H319, H335, H315, H411 NA = Not Available; ND = Not Determined; NE = Not Established; NF = Not Found; C = Ceiling Limit; See Section 16 for Additional Definitions of Terms Used NOTE: All WHMIS required information is included. It is located in appropriate sections based on the ANSI Z400.1-2010 format.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 2 of 6 **WP-047**

Prep	AND NOUS AND NOUS		iaiaa. 0.0	ODO Devision D	-+ 40/04/0	040		
	ared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHS	C, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Rev	ision: 2.0	SDS Revision D	Date: 12/31/2	013		
		4. FIRST AID MEASURES						
4.1	First Aid:	Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting. Contact Infotrac +1 (800) 535-5053 or the nearest Poison Control or local emergency telephone number for assistance and instructions. Seek immediate a attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep victim's head lowered (forward) to reduce of aspiration.						
		Eyes: If product gets in the eyes, flush eyes thoroug minutes, holding eyelid(s) open to ensure comp during or following use, consult a physician or em	lete flushing	g. If the eyes or fa				
		Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and wash affecte and/or the skin reaction worsens, contact a p clothing until after it has been properly cleaned.	d areas with	n soap and water.				
		Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air at once. Under extrem respiration. Seek immediate medical attention.			, perform ar	tificial		
4.2	Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:	Persons with pre-existing skin disorders, chronic respirator		Ή		2		
	Exposure.	diseases, or impaired liver or kidney function should avoi	^d FLAMN	ABILITY		2		
		exposure.	PHYSIC	CAL HAZARDS		0		
				CTIVE EQUIPME	-NT	B		
			EYES					
			LIES	SKIN				
		5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES						
	Fire & Explosion Hazards:	Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. Wear eye/face pro but will not readily ignite. This material will release vapors whe temperature that can ignite when exposed to a source of ignition vapor can ignite with explosive force. Mists or sprays may be flash point. Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, smoke, fumes trace oxides of sulfur and nitrogen. Also, depending upor	n heated ab n. In enclose urn at tempe , unburned	oove the flash point ed spaces, heated eratures below the hydrocarbons and				
5.2	Extinguishing Methods:	concentrations of hydrogen sulfide can be released.	(if pormitted	4/		2		
5.3	Firefighting Procedures:	Water, Foam, CO ₂ , Dry Chemical, low velocity water fog, Halon As with any fire, firefighters should wear appropriate prot				0		
		MCLIA/NICCLI approved or aquivalent colf contained bread				V		
		MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent self-contained breat protective clothing. Keep containers cool until well after the fire fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Avoid sprayi containers because of danger of boil-over. Prevent runoff fro entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural w full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive press apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion of oxygen deficiencies.	hing appar s out. Use ng water di om fire cont aterway. Fin sure self-co	atus (SCBA) and water spray to cool irectly into storage rol or dilution from refighters must use ontained breathing		`		
		protective clothing. Keep containers cool until well after the fire fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Avoid sprayi containers because of danger of boil-over. Prevent runoff fro entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural w full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive press apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion of oxygen deficiencies.	hing appar s out. Use ng water di om fire cont aterway. Fin sure self-cc or decompos	atus (SCBA) and water spray to cool irectly into storage rol or dilution from refighters must use ontained breathing		`		
		protective clothing. Keep containers cool until well after the fire fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Avoid sprayin containers because of danger of boil-over. Prevent runoff fro entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural w full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive press apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion of oxygen deficiencies.	hing appar s out. Use ng water di m fire cont aterway. Fii sure self-cc r decompos	atus (SCBA) and water spray to cool irectly into storage rol or dilution from refighters must use ontained breathing sition products and				
6.1	Spills:	protective clothing. Keep containers cool until well after the fire fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Avoid sprayi containers because of danger of boil-over. Prevent runoff fro entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural w full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive press apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion of oxygen deficiencies.	hing appar s out. Use ng water di m fire cont aterway. Fin sure self-cc r decompose IRES Ileanup mus ace shield; n ng gloves a s up the pro ng acids, al keep unaut ropriate pro as possible	atus (SCBA) and water spray to cool irectly into storage rol or dilution from refighters must use ontained breathing sition products and st wear appropriate use gloves and othe and protective eye duct and place into lkalis) away from sp horized personnel co tective equipment e and collect in aci	Personal I er protectiv ewear. Us o a containe bill. Stay up out of area. including r d-resistant	e clothing e a non- er for later pwind and Stop spill respiratory		
6.1	Spills:	protective clothing. Keep containers cool until well after the fire fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Avoid sprayin containers because of danger of boil-over. Prevent runoff fro entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural w full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive press apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion of oxygen deficiencies. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASU Before cleaning any spill or leak, individuals involved in spill of Equipment (PPE). Use safety glasses or safety goggles and f (e.g., apron, boots, etc.) to prevent skin contact. <u>Small Spills</u> : Wear appropriate protective equipment includi combustible, inert material such as vermiculite or sand to soal disposal. <u>Large Spills</u> : Keep incompatible materials (e.g., oxidizers, stro away from spill or release. Isolate immediate hazard area and or release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear app protection as conditions warrant. Recover as much free liquid Use absorbent to pick up residue. Avoid discharging liquid direct	hing appar s out. Use ng water di m fire cont aterway. Fin sure self-cc r decompose IRES leanup mus ace shield; n ng gloves a s up the pro ng acids, al keep unaut ropriate pro as possible tly into a se	atus (SCBA) and water spray to cool irectly into storage rol or dilution from refighters must use ontained breathing sition products and st wear appropriate use gloves and othe and protective eye duct and place into lkalis) away from sp horized personnel co tective equipment e and collect in aci	Personal I er protectiv ewear. Us o a containe bill. Stay up out of area. including r d-resistant	e clothing e a non- er for later pwind and Stop spill respiratory		
		protective clothing. Keep containers cool until well after the fire fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Avoid sprayin containers because of danger of boil-over. Prevent runoff for entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural w full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive press apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion of oxygen deficiencies. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASU Before cleaning any spill or leak, individuals involved in spill of Equipment (PPE). Use safety glasses or safety goggles and f (e.g., apron, boots, etc.) to prevent skin contact. <u>Small Spills</u> : Wear appropriate protective equipment includi combustible, inert material such as vermiculite or sand to soal disposal. <u>Large Spills</u> : Keep incompatible materials (e.g., oxidizers, stro away from spill or release. Isolate immediate hazard area and or release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear app protection as conditions warrant. Recover as much free liquid Use absorbent to pick up residue. Avoid discharging liquid direct 7. HANDLING & STORAGE INFORM	hing appar s out. Use ng water di im fire cont aterway. Fii sure self-cc r decompos IRES Ileanup mus ace shield; in ng gloves a up the pro ng acids, al keep unaut opriate pro as possible tly into a se ATION	atus (SCBA) and water spray to cool irectly into storage rol or dilution from refighters must use ontained breathing sition products and st wear appropriate use gloves and othe and protective eye duct and place into lkalis) away from sp horized personnel co tective equipment e and collect in aci wer or surface wate	Personal I er protectiv ewear. Us a containe bill. Stay up but of area. including r d-resistant rrs.	e clothing e a non- er for later pwind and Stop spil respiratory container		
6.1	Spills: Work & Hygiene Practices:	protective clothing. Keep containers cool until well after the fire fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Avoid sprayin containers because of danger of boil-over. Prevent runoff fro entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural w full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive press apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion of oxygen deficiencies. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASU Before cleaning any spill or leak, individuals involved in spill of Equipment (PPE). Use safety glasses or safety goggles and f (e.g., apron, boots, etc.) to prevent skin contact. <u>Small Spills</u> : Wear appropriate protective equipment includi combustible, inert material such as vermiculite or sand to soal disposal. <u>Large Spills</u> : Keep incompatible materials (e.g., oxidizers, stro away from spill or release. Isolate immediate hazard area and or release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear app protection as conditions warrant. Recover as much free liquid Use absorbent to pick up residue. Avoid discharging liquid direct	hing appar s out. Use ng water di m fire cont aterway. Fii sure self-co r decompos IRES leanup mus ace shield; n ng gloves a up the pro ng acids, al keep unauti ropriate pro as possible tly into a ser ATION Wear protect when handl	atus (SCBA) and water spray to cool irectly into storage rol or dilution from refighters must use ontained breathing sition products and st wear appropriate use gloves and othe and protective eye duct and place into lkalis) away from sp horized personnel co tective equipment e and collect in aci wer or surface wate ctive equipment wh ling this product. V	Personal I er protectiv wear. Us a containe bill. Stay up but of area. including r d-resistant rs. en handling Vash thorou	e clothing e a non- er for later pwind and Stop spil respiratory container g product ughly afte		
		protective clothing. Keep containers cool until well after the fire fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Avoid sprayin containers because of danger of boil-over. Prevent runoff for entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural w full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive press apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion of oxygen deficiencies. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASU Before cleaning any spill or leak, individuals involved in spill of Equipment (PPE). Use safety glasses or safety goggles and f (e.g., apron, boots, etc.) to prevent skin contact. <u>Small Spills</u> : Wear appropriate protective equipment includi combustible, inert material such as vermiculite or sand to soal disposal. <u>Large Spills</u> : Keep incompatible materials (e.g., oxidizers, stro away from spill or release. Isolate immediate hazard area and or release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear app protection as conditions warrant. Recover as much free liquid Use absorbent to pick up residue. Avoid discharging liquid direct 7. HANDLING & STORAGE INFORM Avoid breathing mists or spray. Avoid eye and skin contact. Keep out of the reach of children. Do not eat, drink or smoke handling. Do not expose to heat and flame. Use only in ventilat	hing appar s out. Use ng water di m fire cont aterway. Fin sure self-cc r decompose IRES leanup mus ace shield; i ng gloves a s up the pro ng acids, al keep unauti ropriate pro as possible tly into a ser ATION Wear protec when handl ed areas. In exhaust ver tove 40°C (atus (SCBA) and water spray to cool irectly into storage rol or dilution from refighters must use ontained breathing sition products and st wear appropriate use gloves and othe and protective eye duct and place into lkalis) away from sp horized personnel contective equipment e and collect in aci wer or surface wate ctive equipment wh ling this product. V mmediately clean-u ntilation, fans) away	Personal I er protectiv wear. Us a containe bill. Stay up but of area. including r d-resistant rs. en handling Vash thorou p and deco	e clothing e a non- er for later pwind and Stop spil respiratory container g product ughly after ntaminate and direc		



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 3 of 6 **WP-047**

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards

SDS Revision: 2.0

SDS Revision Date: 12/31/2013

Prepa	ared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC	C, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision: 2.0 SDS Revision Date: 12/31/2013
	8.	EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION
8.1	Ventilation & Engineering Controls:	Use local or general exhaust ventilation to effectively remove and prevent buildup of vapors or mist generated from the handling of this product. Ensure appropriate decontamination equipment is available (e.g., sink, safety shower eye-wash station).
8.2	Respiratory Protection:	No special respiratory protection is required under typical circumstances of use or handling. In instances where vapors or sprays of this product are generated, and respiratory protection is needed, use only protection authorized by 29 CFR §1910.134, applicable U.S. State regulations, or the Canadian CAS Standard Z94.4-93 and applicable standards of Canadian Provinces, EC member States, or Australia.
8.3	Eye Protection:	Avoid eye contact. Safety glasses with side shields must be used when handling or using this product. A protective face shield is also recommended. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EU).
8.4	Hand Protection:	Wear protective, chemical-resistant gloves (e.g., neoprene, nitrile, PVC) when using or handling this product. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product.
8.5	Body Protection:	Not required under normal conditions of use. A chemical resistant apron and/or protective clothing are recommended when handling or using large quantities (e.g., > 5 gallons (18.9 L)) of this product. Protective working garments should meet EU Standard EN 344 or equivalent.
		9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
9.1	Appearance:	Reddish-brown liquid
9.2	Odor:	Strong petroleum odor
9.3	Odor Threshold:	NA
9.4	pH:	NA
9.5	Melting Point/Freezing Point:	NA
9.6	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range:	NA
9.7	Flashpoint:	82 °C (180 °F)
9.8	Upper/Lower Flammability Limits:	LEL: 0.7%, UEL: 6.0%
9.9	Vapor Pressure:	< 1.0 mm Hg @ 20 °C (68 °F)
9.10	Vapor Density:	NA
9.11	Relative Density:	0.9 g/cm ³
9.12	Solubility:	Insoluble
9.13	Partition Coefficient (log Pow):	NA
9.14	Autoignition Temperature:	235-315°C (455-599 °F), ASTM E-659
9.15	Decomposition Temperature:	NA
9.16	Viscosity:	Kinematic @ 40 °C (104 °F): > 13 mm ² /s
9.17	Other Information:	NA
		10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY
10.1	Stability:	This product is stable under normal storage and use conditions.
10.2	Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Oxides of carbon (CO, CO_2), sulfur (SO _x), and nitrogen (NO _x).
10.3	Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.
10.4	Conditions to Avoid:	Open flames, high heat and direct sunlight.
10.5	Incompatible Substances:	Strong oxidizing agents, acids or alkalis.
	1	11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
11.1	Routes of Entry:	Inhalation: NO Absorption: YES Ingestion: YES
11.2	Toxicity Data:	This product has not been tested on animals to obtain toxicological data. Toxicology data for some of the components in this mixture, found in scientific literature, are presented below: Xylene: LD ₅₀ (oral, rat): 5000 mg/kg.
11.3	Acute Toxicity:	See section 2.4.
11.4	Chronic Toxicity:	See section 2.5
11.5	Suspected Carcinogen:	ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans (listed under Diesel Fuel)
11.6	Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not reported to cause reproductive toxicity in humans.
	Mutagenicity:	This product is not reported to produce mutagenicity effects in humans.
	Embryotoxicity:	This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.
	Teratogenicity:	This product is not reported to cause teratogenic effects in humans.
	Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not reported to cause reproductive effects in humans.
11.7	Reproductive Toxicity: Irritancy of Product:	This product is not reported to cause reproductive effects in humans. See Section 2.3
11.7 11.8		

		SAFETY DATA SHEET	Page 4 of 6 WP-047
Prepa	ared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC	, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision: 2.0 SDS Revision Date	e: 12/31/2013
		12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
12.1	Environmental Stability:	Keep out of sewers, drainage areas and waterways. Report spills and releases, as applicable, State regulations.	under Federal and
12.2	Effects on Plants & Animals:	An environmental fate analysis has not been conducted on this specific product. However, plant experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum-based products.	s and animals may
12.3	Effects on Aquatic Life:	Diesel Fuel: LC ₅₀ (Pimephales promelas (fish), 96h): 35 mg/L; EC ₅₀ (Daphnia magna, 48h): 1.96	ng/L
		13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
13.1	Waste Disposal:	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, provincial and local regulations.	
13.2	Special Considerations:	If disposed of, this material is believed to be a hazardous waste under RCRA due to toxicity. V should be in compliance with federal, state, and local laws. If discarding this material, cor relevance of the following chemicals and the treatment standards for the associated. U.S. EPA RCRA Hazardous Waste Codes (HWC): D018 (Benzene); F003 (Xylene)	0
		14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION	
		er shipping name, hazard class & division, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportation. Additional (, IMDG, SCT, ADGT, ADR and the CTDGR.	descriptive information
14.1	49 CFR (GND):	NA1993, COMBUSTIBLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S., 3, III	
		Excepted from regulation per 49 CFR §173.121, IP VOL ≤ 450 L.	
14.2	IATA (AIR):	NOT REGULATED	
14.3	IMDG (OCN):	NOT REGULATED	
14.4	TDGR (Canadian GND):	NOT REGULATED	
14.5	ADR/RID (EU):	NOT REGULATED	
14.6	SCT (MEXICO):	NOT REGULATED	
14.7	ADGR (AUS):	NOT REGULATED	
		15. REGULATORY INFORMATION	
15.1	SARA Reporting Requirements:	This product contains Xylene, a substance subject to Section 313 reporting requirements.	
15.2	SARA Threshold Planning Quantity:	NA Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	
15.3	TSCA Inventory Status:	All components of this product are listed in the TSCA Inventory or are exempt.	
15.4	CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ):	Xylene: 100 lbs (45.4 kg)	
15.5	Other Federal Requirements:	NA	
15.6	Other Canadian Regulations:	This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. The components of this product are listed on the DSL/NDSL. None of the components of this product are listed on the Priorities Substances List. WHMIS D2B (Other Toxic Effects).	Ţ
15.7	State Regulatory Information:	Xylene is found on the following state criteria list Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Massac Substances List (MA), Michigan Critical Substances List (MI), Minnesota Hazardous Substance Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), New York Hazardous Substances List (NY), Pennsylvania Right Washington Permissible Exposures List (WA), Wisconsin Hazardous Substances List (WI). This product may contain slight but detectable amounts of a chemical known to the State of cancer (Benzene).	es List (MN), New -to-Know List (PA), California to cause
		No ingredients in this product, present in a concentration of 1.0% or greater, are listed on any or criteria lists: California Proposition 65 (CA), Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Massacl Substances List (MA), Michigan Critical Substances List (MI), Minnesota Hazardous Substance Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), New York Hazardous Substances List (NY), Pennsylvania Right Washington Permissible Exposures List (WA), Wisconsin Hazardous Substances List (WI).	nusetts Hazardous es List (MN), New
15.8	Other Requirements:	The primary component of this product is not listed in Annex I of EU Directive 67/548/EEC. <u>Solvent Naphtha</u> : Harmful (Xn). <u>Risk Phrases</u> (R): R65 – Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. <u>Safety Phrases</u> (S): (2-)23-24-62 - Keep out of the reach of children. Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray. Avoid contact with skin. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label where possible.	×



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 5 of 6 **WP-047**

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards

SDS Revision: 2.0

SDS Revision Date: 12/31/2013

	16. OTHER INFORMATION					
16.1	Other Information:	Wear protective gloves/eye protection. If s	DANGER! MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED AND ENTERS AIRWAY. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Wear protective gloves/eye protection. If swallowed, immediately call a Poison Center or doctor/physician. Avoid breathing mist/sprays. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.			
16.2	Terms & Definitions:	See last page of this Safety Data Sheet.				
16.3	Disclaimer:	Other government regulations must be re Worldpac's knowledge, the information cont suitability or completeness is not guarant provided. The information contained herei	This Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. Other government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this product. To the best of ShipMate's & Worldpac's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness is not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to the specific product(s). If this product(s) is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be			
16.4	Prepared for:	Worldpac, Inc. 37137 Hickory Street Newark, CA 94560 USA Tel: +1 (510) 608-5525 Fax: +1 (510) 742-9262 http://www.worldpac.com	WORLDPAC			
16.5	Prepared by:	ShipMate, Inc. P.O. Box 787 Sisters, OR 97759-0787 USA Tel: +1 (310) 370-3600 Fax: +1 (310) 370-5700 http://www.shipmate.com	ShipMate Dangerous Goods Training & Consulting			



SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 6 of 6 WP-047

Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards

SDS Revision: 2.0

SDS Revision Date: 12/31/2013

DEFINITION OF TERMS

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a SDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following: **GENERAL INFORMATION:** HAZARD RATINGS:

CAS No. Chemical Abstract Service Number

EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR:

ACGIH	ACGIH American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists	
TLV Threshold Limit Value		
OSHA U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration		
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit		
IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health		

FIRST AID MEASURES:

Cardiopulmonary resuscitation - method in which a person whose heart has stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood CPR and provide oxygen to the body.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM: HMIS

HEALTH, FLAMMABILITY & REACTIVITY RATINGS:

0	Minimal Hazard	HEALTH
1	Slight Hazard	FLAMMABILITY
2	Moderate Hazard	PHYSICAL HAZARDS
3	Severe Hazard	PERSONAL PROTECTION
4	Extreme Hazard	

PERSONAL PROTECTION RATINGS:

Α						G	0	(T)		
В						Η				
С			The second			I		(T)		
D	B		F.I			J			I	
Е						Κ				
F	0		内田			X	Consult for spec	your su ial hand	pervisor o lling direc	or SOPs tions.
							<u> </u>			
Sa	ifety Glas	ses	Splash (Goggles	Pr		Shield &		Glov) ves
Boots		Syntheti	c Apron	Protective Clothing & Full Suit		hing	Dust Respirator			
			8	3		(Î	

Dust & Vapor Half-**Full Face Respirator** Mask Respirator

OTHER STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS:

NA	Not Available	
NR	NR No Results	
NE	NE Not Established	
ND	ND Not Determined	
ML	Maximum Limit	
SCBA Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus		

Full Face

Respirator

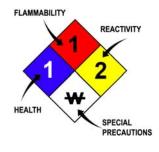
Airline Hood/Mask

or SCBA

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: NFPA

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR:				
Autoignition Temperature source of ignition				
LEL Lower Explosive Limit - lowest percent of vapor in air, by volu explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source				
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit - highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source			

0	Minimal Hazard	
1	Slight Hazard	
2	Moderate Hazard	
3	Severe Hazard	
4	Extreme Hazard	
ACD	Acidic	
ALK	Alkaline	
COR	Corrosive	
W	Use No Water	
ох	Oxidizer	
TREFOIL	Radioactive	



TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals
	S
LC ₅₀	Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animal
ppm	Concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts
TD _{to}	Lowest dose to cause a symptom
TCLo	Lowest concentration to cause a symptom
TD _{Io} , LD _{Io} , & LD _o or	Lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects
TC, TC _o , LC _{io} , & LC _o	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
TLm	Median threshold limit
log Kow or log Koc	Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution

REGULATORY INFORMATION:

WHMIS	WHMIS Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System		
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation		
тс	Transport Canada		
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		
DSL	Canadian Domestic Substance List		
NDSL	NDSL Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List		
PSL	PSL Canadian Priority Substances List		
TSCA	U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act		
EU European Union (European Union Directive 67/548/EEC)			
WGK	WGK Wassergefährdungsklassen (German Water Hazard Class)		
-			

WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION (WHMIS) SYSTEM:

\bigcirc	۲	٨		Ē	۲		Ŕ
Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D1	Class D2	Class D3	Class E	Class F
Compressed	Flammable	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritation	Infectious	Corrosive	Reactive

EC (67/548/EEC) INFORMATION:

		N	¥	*		×	×	
с	E	F	Ν	0	т	Xi	Xn	
Corrosive	Explosive	Flammable	Harmful	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritant	Harmful	

CLP/GHS (1272/2008/EC) PICTOGRAMS:

			\Diamond			\diamond		
GHS01	GHS02	GHS03	GHS04	GHS05	GHS06	GHS07	GHS08	GHS09
Explosive	Flammable	Oxidizer	Pressurized	Corrosive	Toxic	Harmful Irritating	Health Hazard	Environment